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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/774,681	02/08/2004	Michael Scott Ehrlich	CI159.70000US01	9429

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Boston, MA 02210

EXAMINER

CLOW, LORI A

ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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1631

MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
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01/28/2008

PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary

Application No.

10/774,681

Applicant(s)

EHRlich, MICHAEL SCOTT

Examiner

Lori A. Clow, Ph.D.

Art Unit

1631

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 05 November 2007.
- 2a) ☒ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-5, 25 and 28-38 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) 1-5, 37 and 38 is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 25, 28-36 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
- ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 - ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 - ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
- * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____ | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ |

DETAILED ACTION

Applicants' response, filed 5 November 2007, has been fully considered. Rejections and/or objections not reiterated from previous office actions are hereby withdrawn. The following rejections and/or objections are either reiterated or newly applied. They constitute the complete set presently being applied to the instant application.

Claims 1-5, 25, 28-38 are currently pending. Claims 1-5, 37 and 38 are withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b) as being drawn to a nonelected invention, there being no allowable generic or linking claim. Election was made **without** traverse in the reply filed on 5 March 2007. It is noted that the Examiner mistakenly stated that the election was made with traverse in the last line of the Office Action mailed 2 May 2007. This is incorrect, and the election status was correctly stated in the first line of that same Office Action. The Examiner apologizes for any inconvenience to Applicant. Claims 6-24, 26, and 27 are cancelled. Claims 25 and 28-36 are examined herein.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 25 and 28-35 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by US 5,384,239 (Saunders; Publication date of January 24, 1999). *This is a new grounds of rejection necessitated by amendment to the claims.*

The instant claims, as amended, are drawn to a method of obtaining information about the blood glucose level history of a patient diagnosed with diabetes. The method comprises steps of: obtaining a sample of red blood cells (RBCs); sorting the RBCs to measure glycated hemoglobin; generating a cell distribution profile that represents the number of RBCs as a function of the amount of hemoglobin per cell; and dividing the cell distribution profile into bins representing a time interval and calculating the change in glycated hemoglobin for each bin.

In regard to claim 25, Saunders teaches obtaining RBCs from a patient (column 4, lines 6-7); sorting the RBCs to measure glycated hemoglobin (column 4, line 13-32); generating a cell distribution profile (column 3, line 19 which teaches time resolved glycated hemoglobin; column 4, lines 6-12, which teaches RBC age and glycation rate over time; column 4, lines 19-33); and dividing cell distribution into bins (column 8, line 64, which teaches fractionations; column 9, line 9, line 1, which teaches that samples of cells are sets. This is fairly interpreted to encompass the same limitation as "bin", as "bins" are not specifically defined in the specification).

In regard to claim 28, Saunders teaches an algorithm that corrects for non-linearity in glycation rate (column 7, lines 29-37).

In regard to claim 29, Saunders teaches an algorithm for patient specific data (fairly interpreted as any data from the patient, including PK levels) (column 7, lines 39-67).

In regard to claim 30, Saunders teaches age and gender specifics at column 10, lines 16-23).

In regard to claim 31, Saunders teaches an algorithm for the values of an average life span of a RBC at column 10, line 53 GHb related to age of RBCs).

In regard to claim 32, Saunders teaches sorting using chromatography (column 4, lines 55-56).

In regard to claim 33, Saunders teaches using the information about blood glucose history to assist in determination of patient diabetes at column 12, line 35).

In regard to claims 34, Saunders teaches determining an anti-diabetic treatment regimen based on blood glucose level history (column 15, lines 5-30).

In regard to claim 35, Saunders teaches obtaining more than one sample (as in a second sample) (column 10, lines 5-41).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham v. John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

Claims 25 and 36 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over 5,384,239 (Saunders; Publication date of January 24, 1999), as applied to claim 25 above, in view of US PGPUB 20040214243 (Burshteyn et al; filing date of 25 April 2003).

In regard to claim 25, Saunders teaches obtaining RBCs from a patient (column 4, lines 6-7); sorting the RBCs to measure glycated hemoglobin (column 4, line 13-32); generating a cell distribution profile (column 3, line 19 which teaches time resolved glycated hemoglobin; column 4, lines 6-12, which teaches RBC age and glycation rate over time; column 4, lines 19-33); and dividing cell distribution into bins (column 8, line 64, which teaches fractionations; column 9, line 9, line 1, which teaches that samples of cells are sets. This is fairly interpreted to encompass the same limitation as "bin", as "bins" are not specifically defined in the specification).

Saunders does not specifically teach "labeling" the glycosylated hemoglobin, as in claim 36. However, Burshteyn et al. do teach a method of analyzing hemoglobin in a sample using a pan-hemoglobin antibody conjugated to a detectable marker (abstract; paragraph 0014; paragraph 32; paragraph 41).

It would have been prima facie obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have used a label, such as that of Burshteyn, in the method of Saunders for separation of glycalyted cells. One would have been motivated to do so because such methods were well known in the art at the time of the invention and one skilled in the art could have combined the elements as claimed by known methods with no change in their respective functions. Further, Saunders readily contemplates and teaches that separations are done by a variety of methods (column 4, lines 55-67). One of skill in the art could have easily substituted the separation by antibody affinity in the affinity chromatography method of Saunders because

all of the claimed elements were known, in the prior art, and the combination would have yielded nothing more than predictable results to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention.

Conclusion

No claims are allowed.

The outstanding rejections under 35 USC 112, 2nd paragraph have been withdrawn in view of the amendments to the claims.

The outstanding rejections under 35 USC 102(b) have been withdrawn in view of the amendments to the claims.

The outstanding rejections under 35 USC 103(a) have been withdrawn in view of the amendments to the claims.

Newly cited rejections under 35 USC 102(b) and 103(a) have been applied, as necessitated by claim amendment.

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37

CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Inquiries

Papers related to this application may be submitted to Technical Center 1600 by facsimile transmission. Papers should be faxed to Technical Center 1600 via the PTO Fax Center. The faxing of such papers must conform with the notices published in the Official Gazette, 1096 OG 30 (November 15, 1988), 1156 OG 61 (November 16, 1993), and 1157 OG 94 (December 28, 1993) (See 37 CFR § 1.6(d)). The Central Fax Center Number is (571) 273-8300.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Lori A. Clow, Ph.D., whose telephone number is (571) 272-0715. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday from 10 am to 6:30 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Marjorie Moran can be reached on (571) 272-0720.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to (571) 272-0547.

Patent applicants with problems or questions regarding electronic images that can be viewed in the Patent Application Information Retrieval system (PAIR) can now contact the USPTO's Patent Electronic Business Center (Patent EBC) for assistance. Representatives are available to answer your questions daily from 6 am to midnight (EST). The toll free number is (866) 217-9197. When calling please have your application serial or patent number, the type of document you are having an image problem with, the number of pages and the specific nature of the problem. The Patent Electronic Business Center will notify applicants of the resolution of the problem within 5-7 business days. Applicants can also check PAIR to confirm that the problem has been corrected. The USPTO's Patent Electronic Business Center is a complete service center supporting all patent business on the Internet. The USPTO's PAIR system provides Internet-based access to patent application status and history information. It also enables applicants to view the scanned images of their own application file folder(s) as well as general patent information available to the public.

LORI A. CLOW, PH.D.
PRIMARY EXAMINER



January 18, 2008
Art Unit 1631